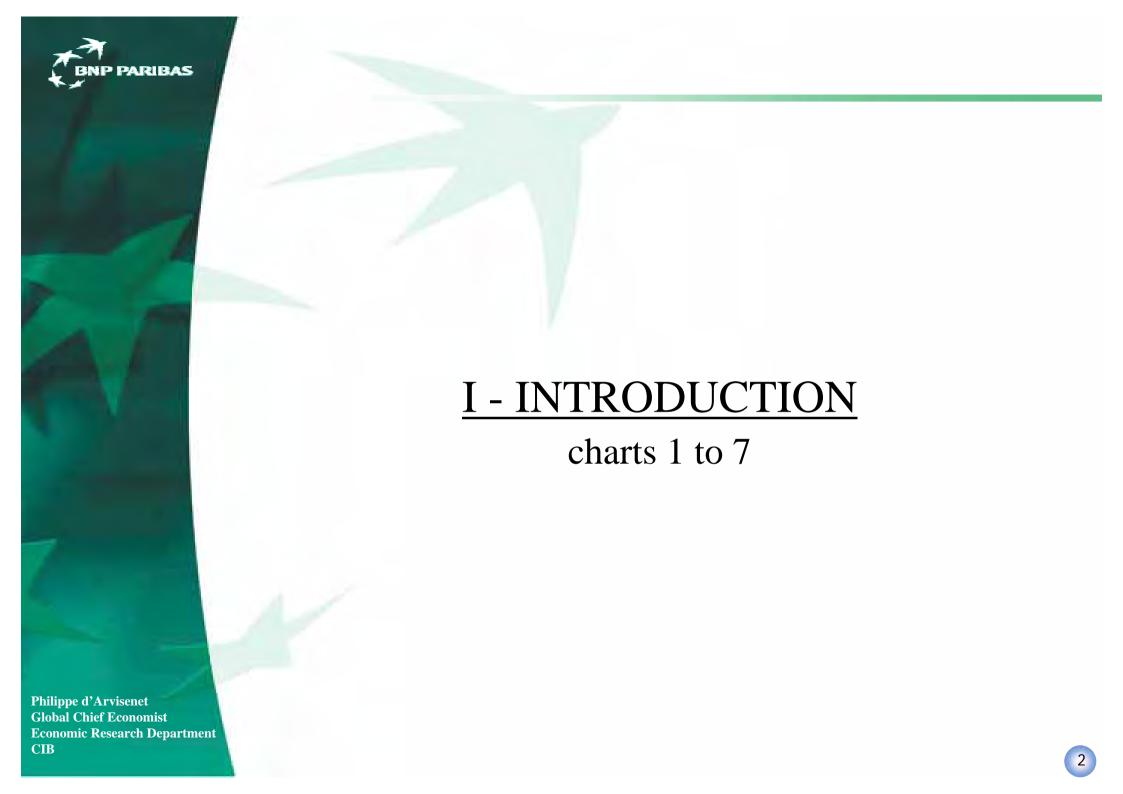


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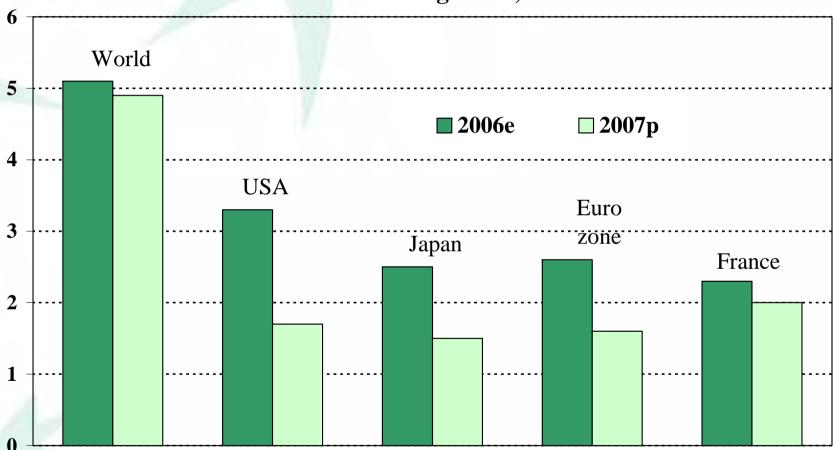
THE WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK IN 2007: soft landing or hard landing?

Conferences BNP PARIBAS, Tuesday 24th October, 2006





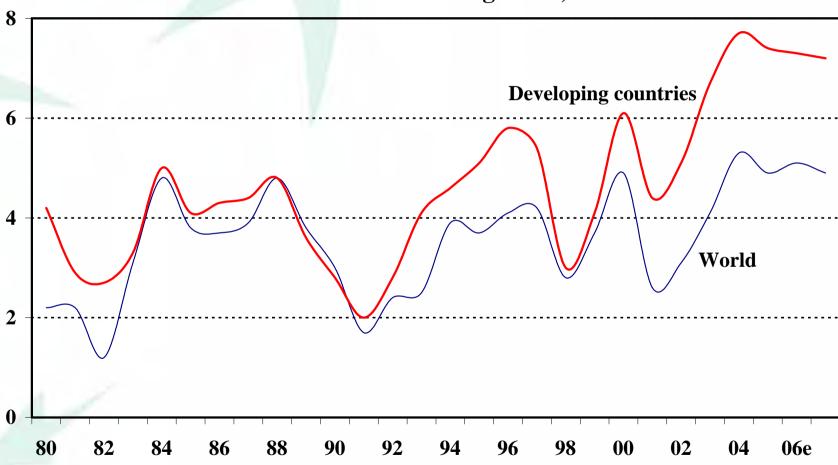
Real GDP growth, %



sources: IMF, BNPParibas

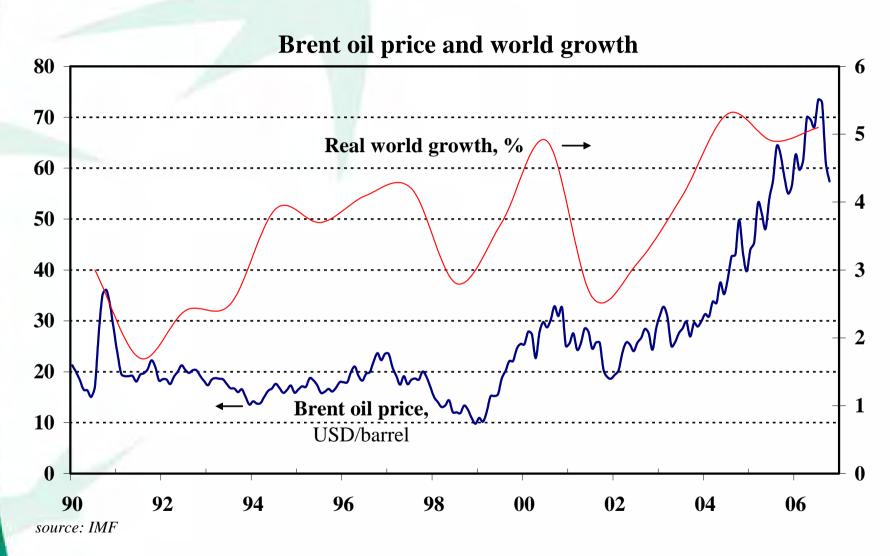


Real GDP annual growth, %



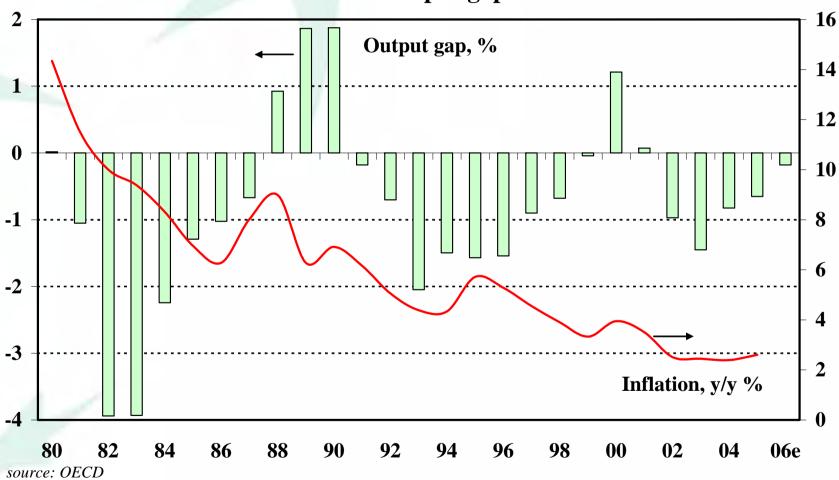
source: IMF (WEO, September 2006)





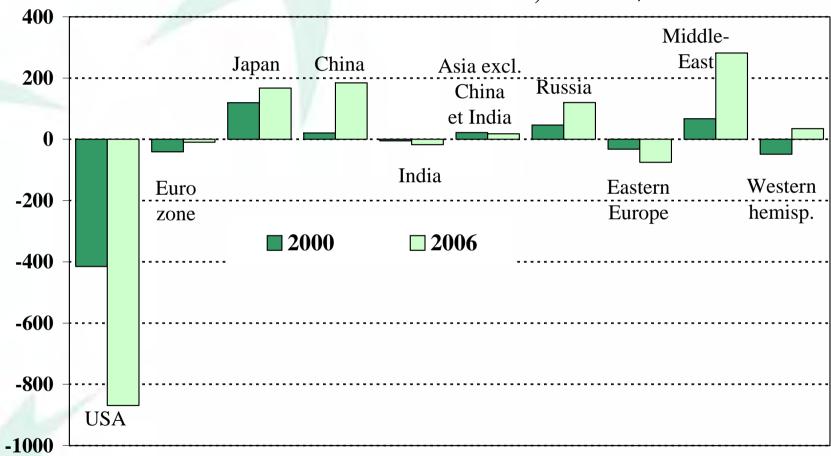


Total OECD: output gap & inflation





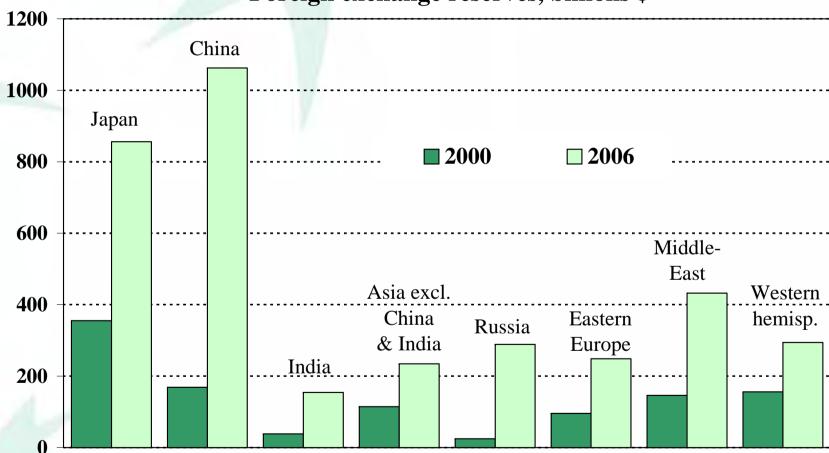
Current-account balance, billions \$



source: IMF (WEO, September 2006)



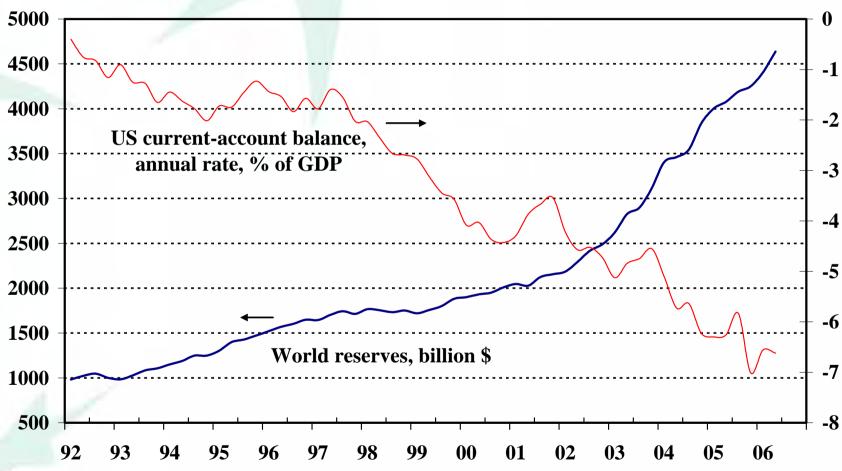
Foreign exchange reserves, billions \$



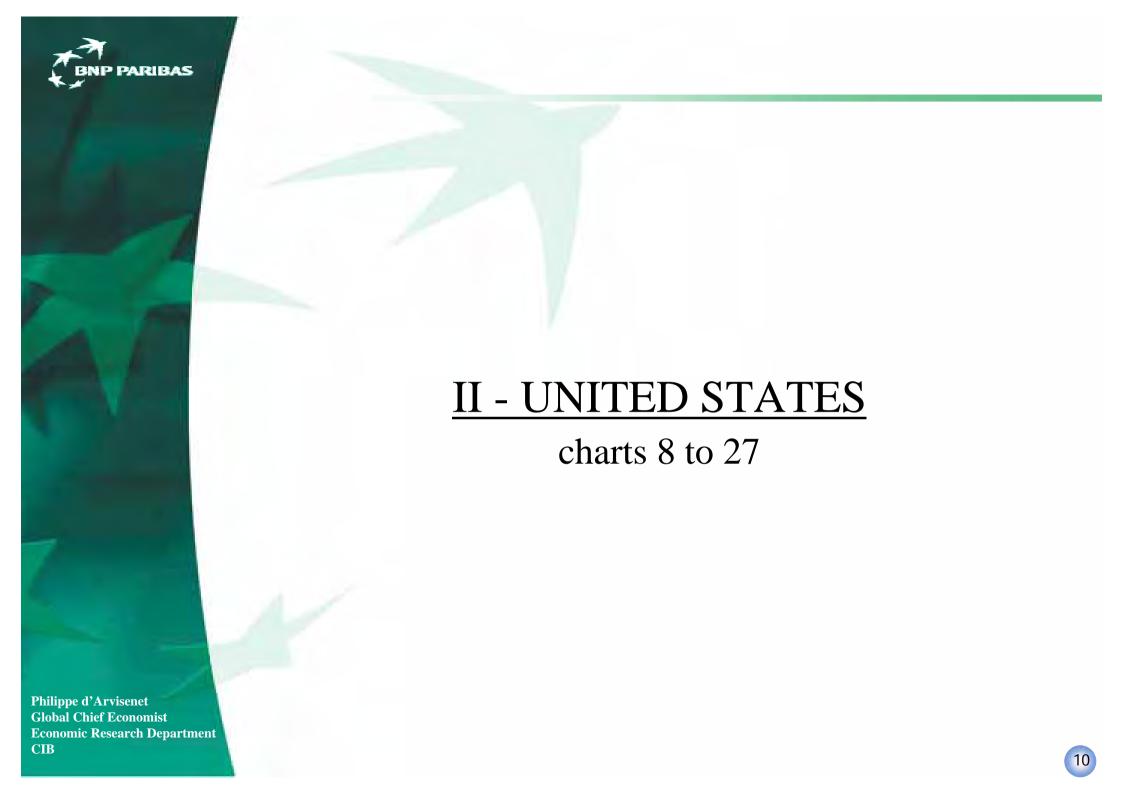
source: IMF (WEO, September 2006)



World reserves & US current-account balance



sources: BEA, IMF





STRONG SLOWDOWN IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

- Consequences of the retrenchment in the residential sector.
- Job creations weaken.
- The room of manoeuvre for the fiscal policy is limited.



LOW PROBABILITY OF RECESSION

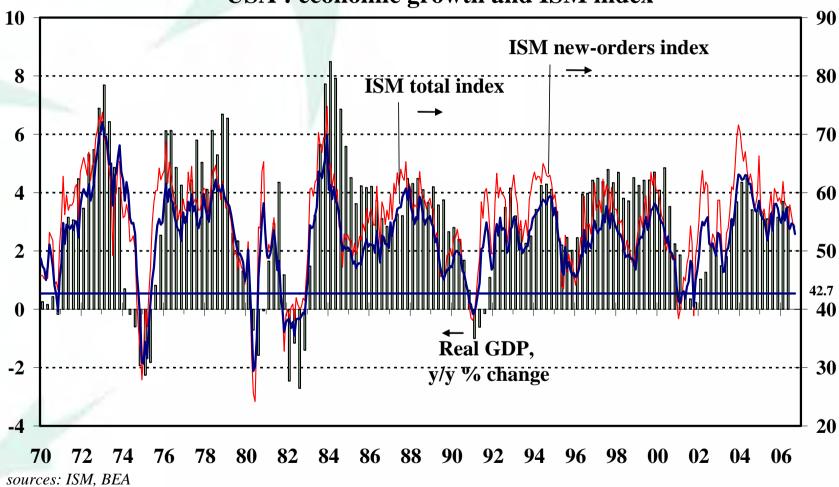
- The financial situation of the corporate sector is healthy (profits, equity valuation).
- Resilience in world growth.
- Very reactive monetary policy.



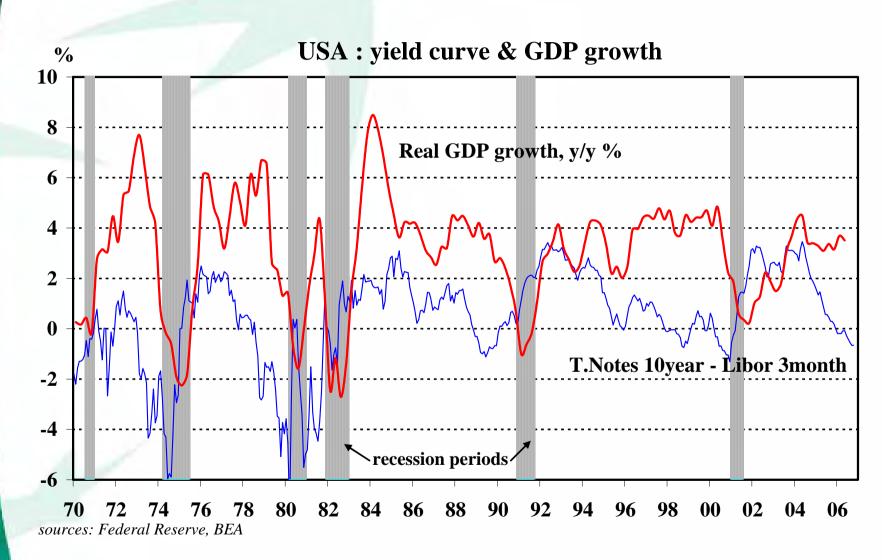
EXTERNAL IMBALANCES LIKELY TO LAST.



USA: economic growth and ISM index

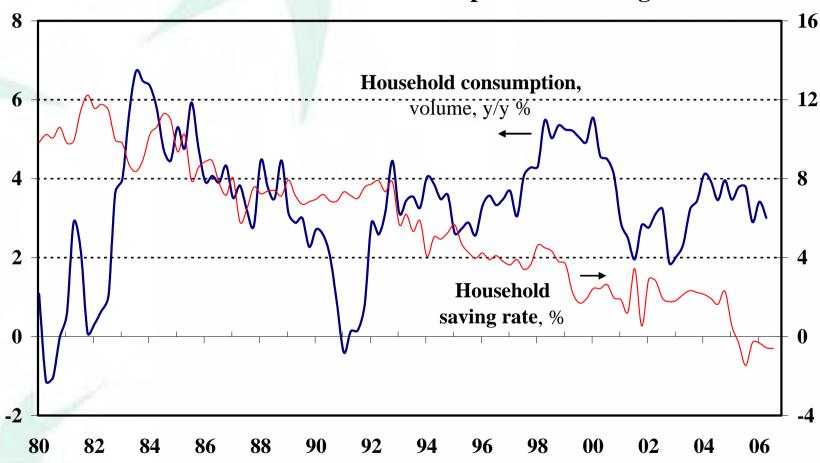








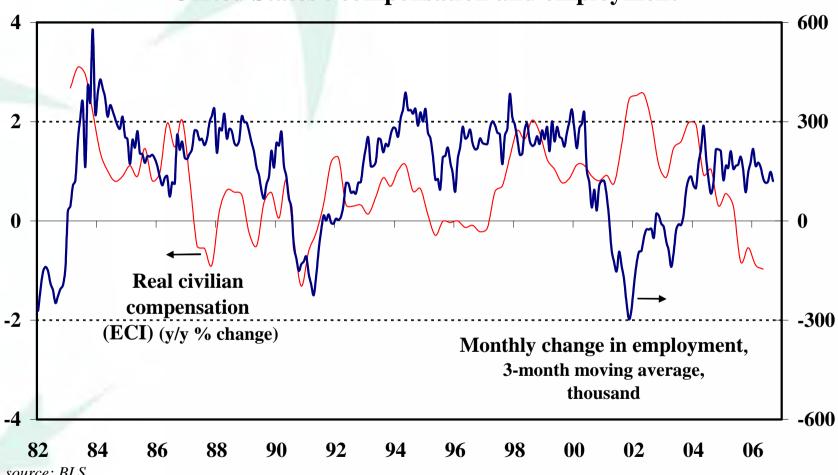
USA: household consumption and saving



sources: BEA, Federal Reserve



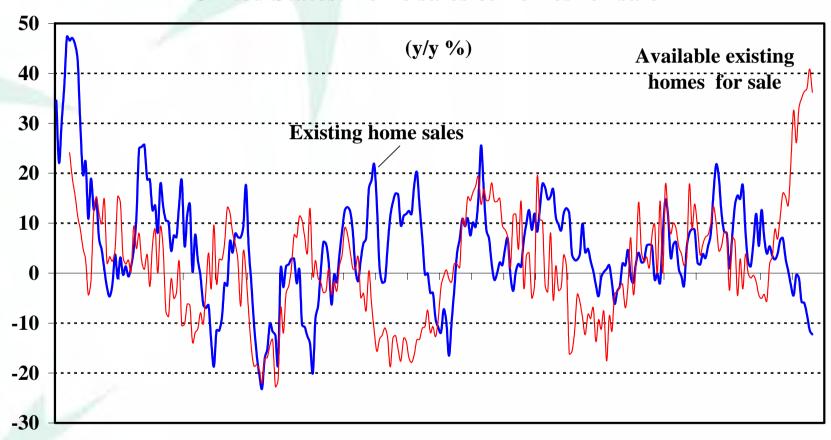
United States: compensation and employment



source: BLS



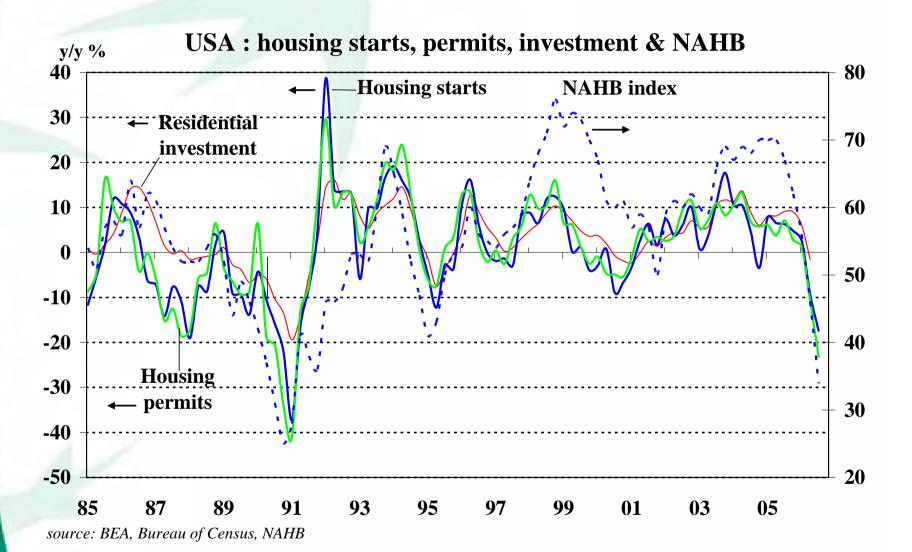
United States: home sales & homes for sale



83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06

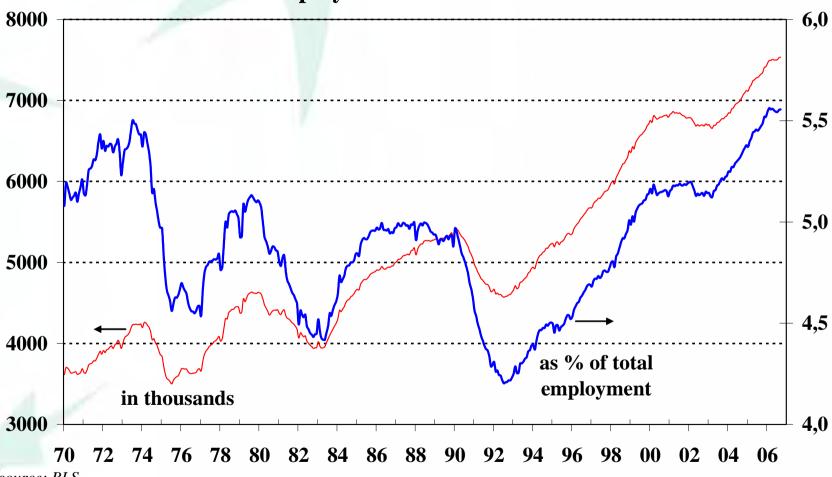
source: Bureau of Census







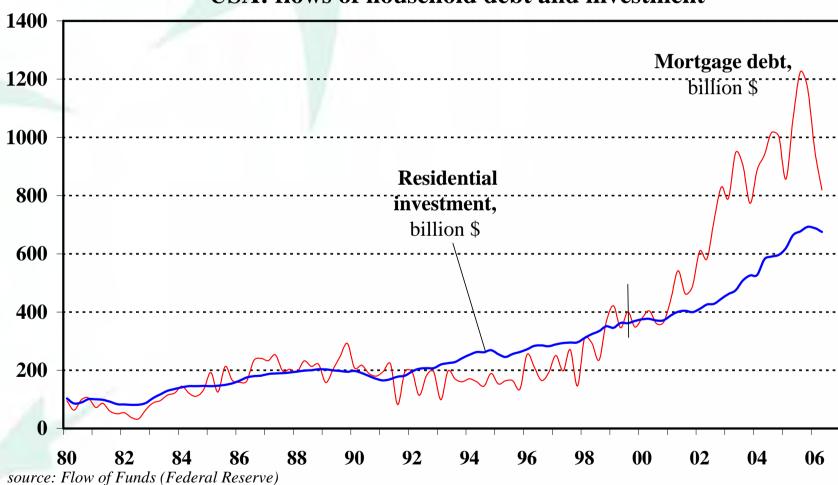




source: BLS

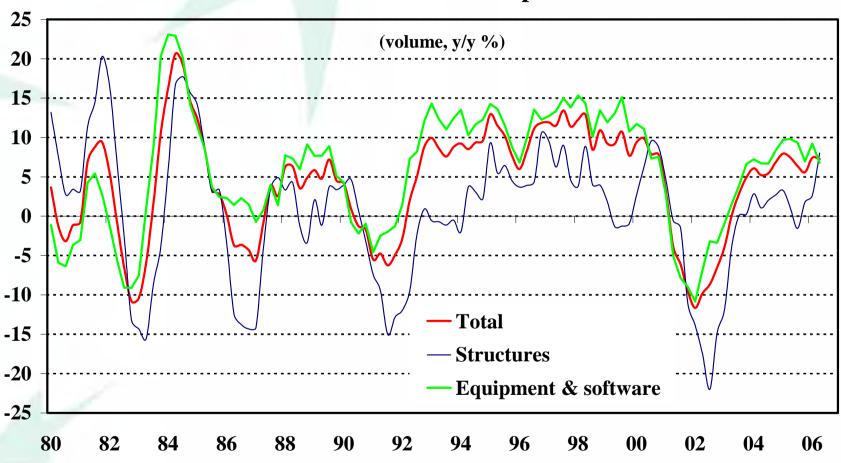


USA: flows of household debt and investment





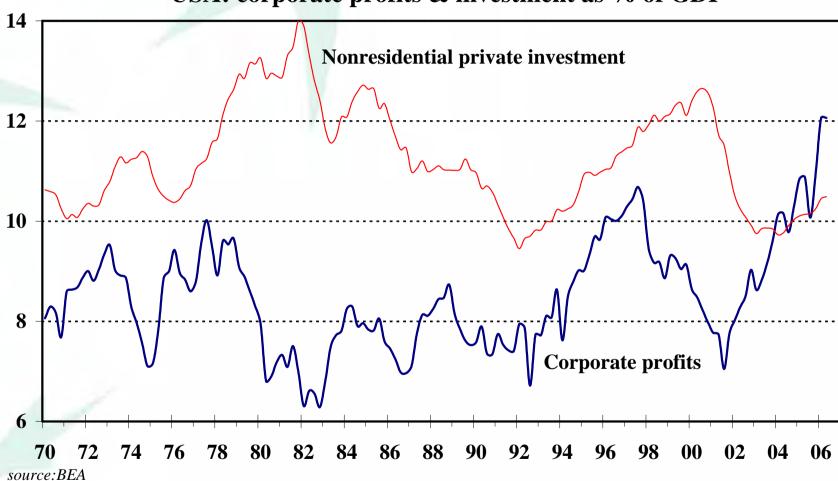
USA: breakdown of the nonresidential private fixed investment



source: BEA

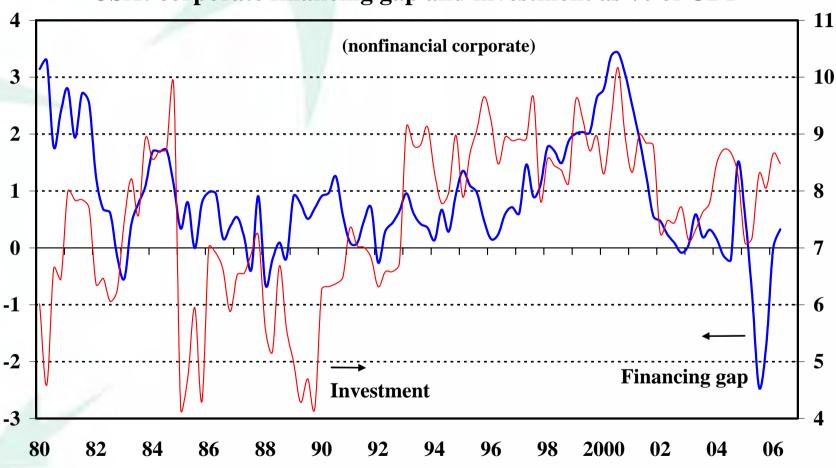


USA: corporate profits & investment as % of GDP





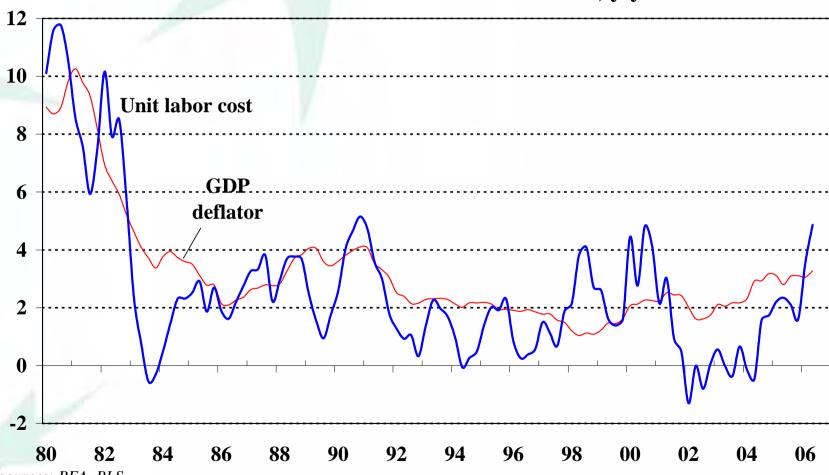
USA: corporate financing gap and investment as % of GDP



sources: BEA, Federal Reserve



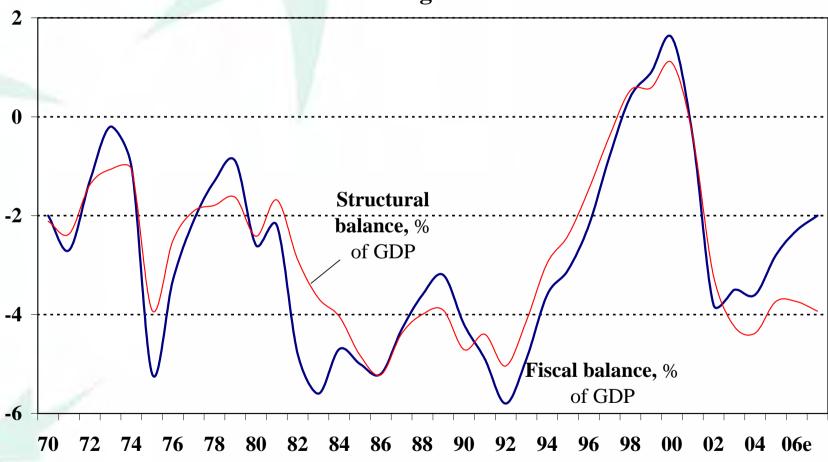




sources: BEA, BLS



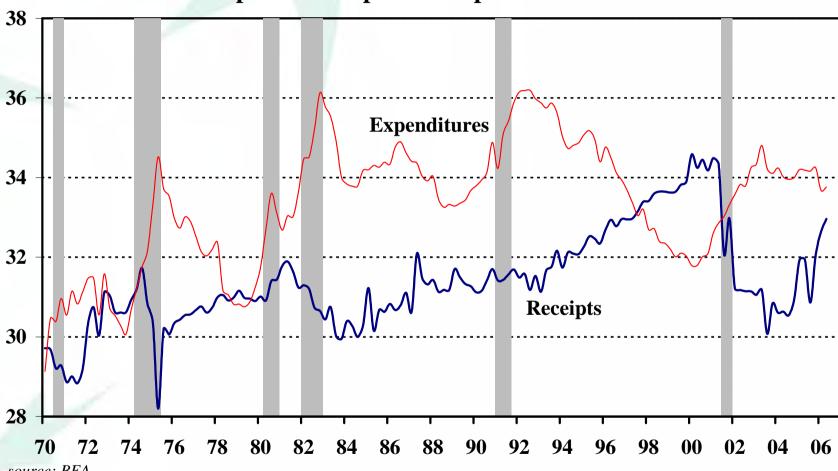




sources: OECD, BNP Paribas

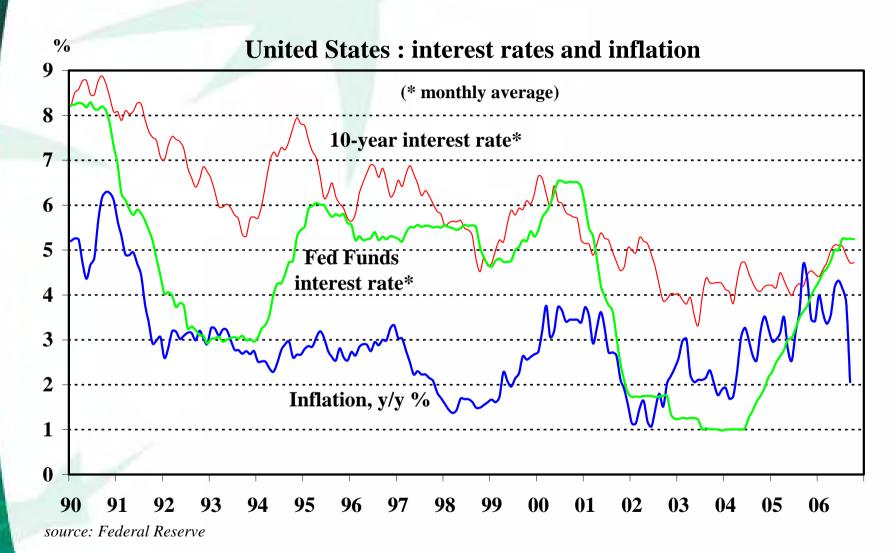


USA: public receipts and expenditures as % of GDP



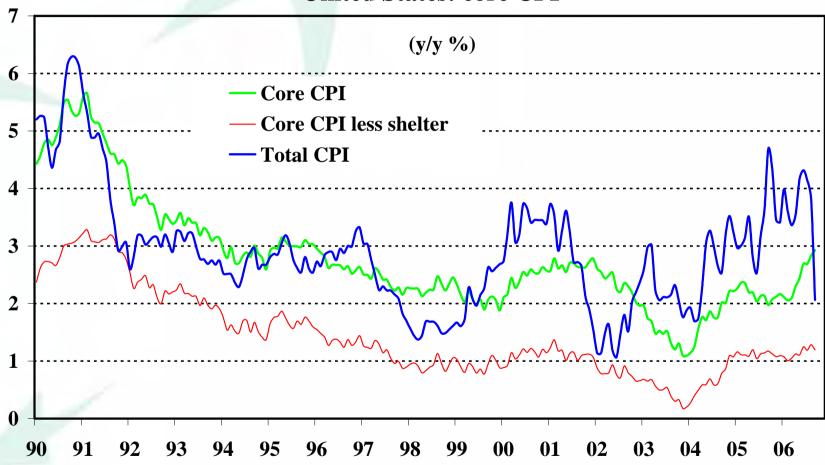
source: BEA







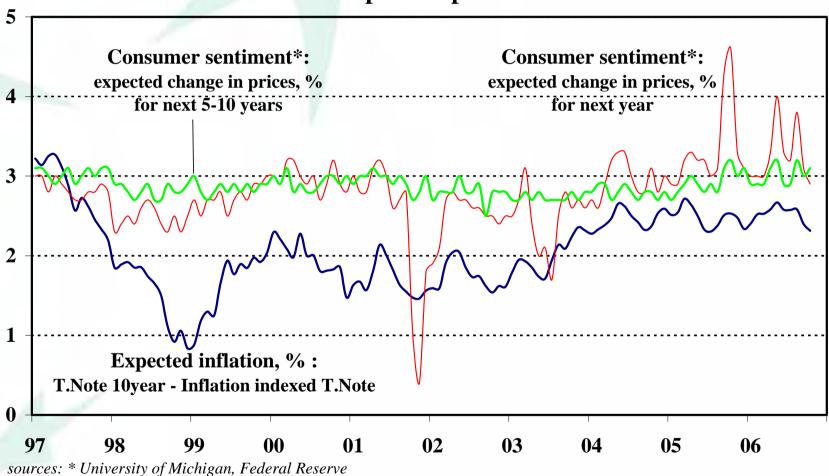
United States: core CPI



sources: BEA, BNPParibas

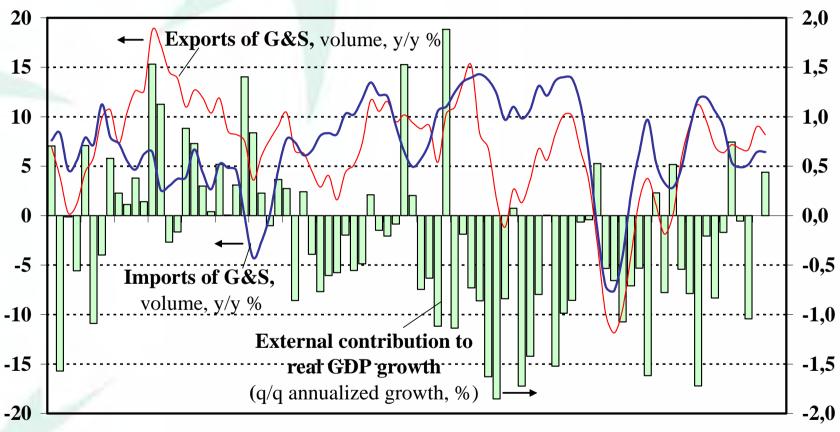


USA: price expectations





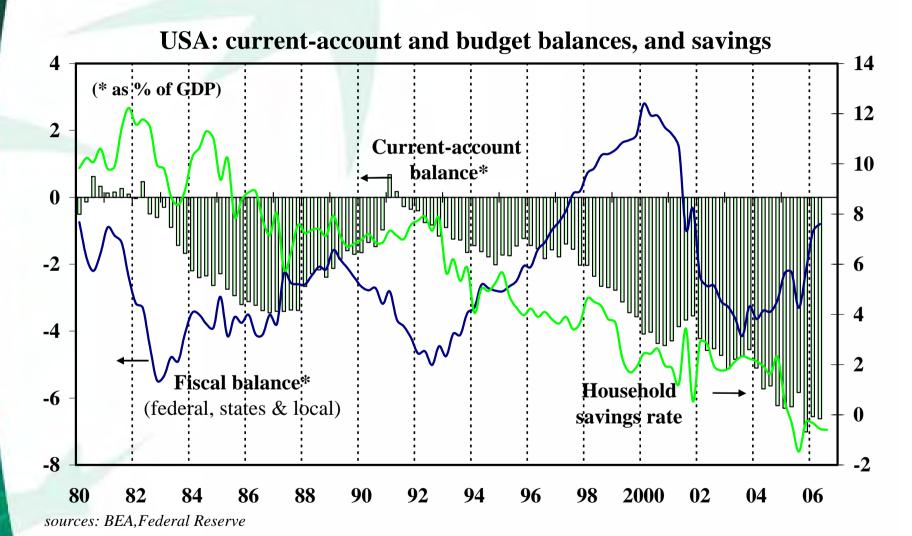
USA: exports & imports growth, & external contribution



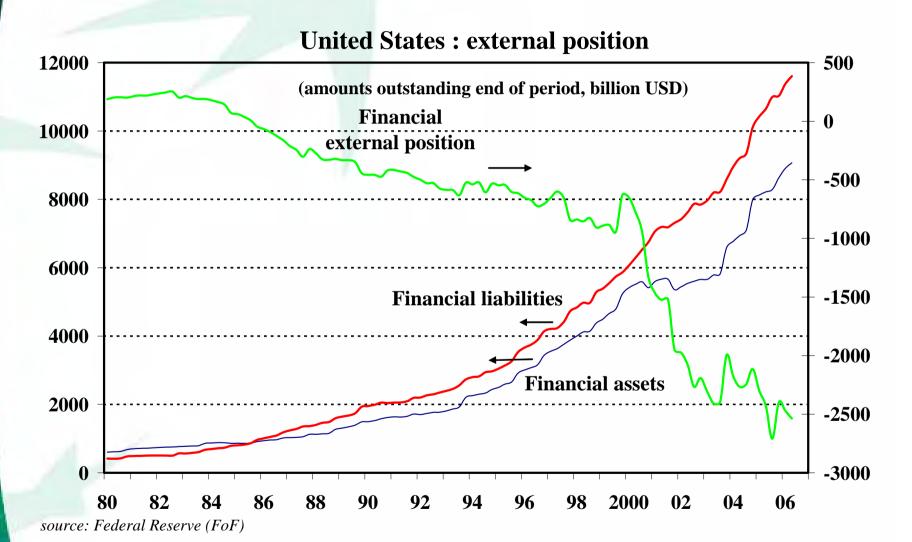
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06

source: BEA













ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

- Growth above potential in 2006.
- Financial conditions support investments.
- Household consumption :
- → Job creations are back
- → Low increase in real wages
- → VAT hike in Germany: weakening demand in 2007
- External demand :
- → Resilient as of today
- → Stronger euro is a risk
- No room of maneuver for fiscal policy
- Monetary policy: normalization still in the pipe line.

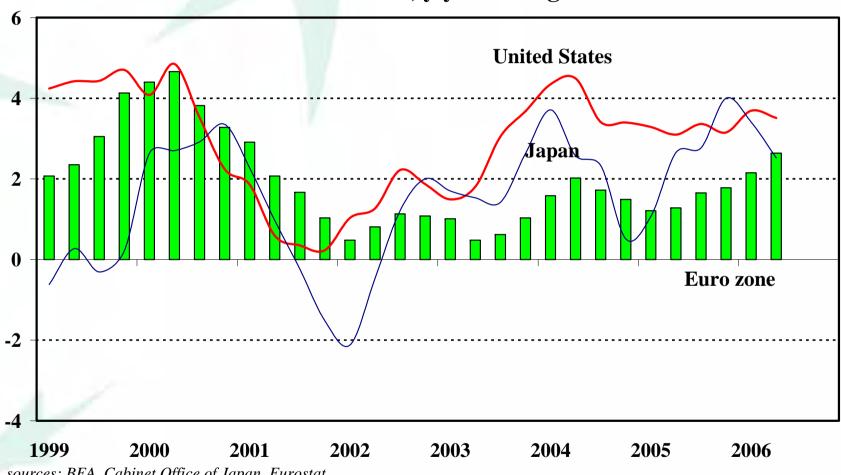


STRUCTURAL ISSUES

- Challenges :
- → low potential growth
- → the cost of aging
- A lot remains to be done:
- → fiscal consolidation
- → goods market reform (privatization, competition, barriers to entry etc...)
- → labor market reform (disincentives to work, disincentives to create jobs have to be addressed...)
- The political impediments



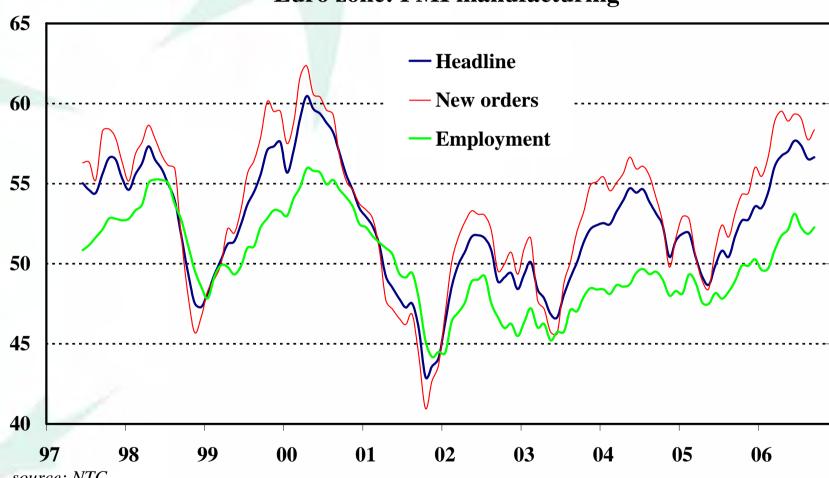
Real GDP, y/y % change



sources: BEA, Cabinet Office of Japan, Eurostat

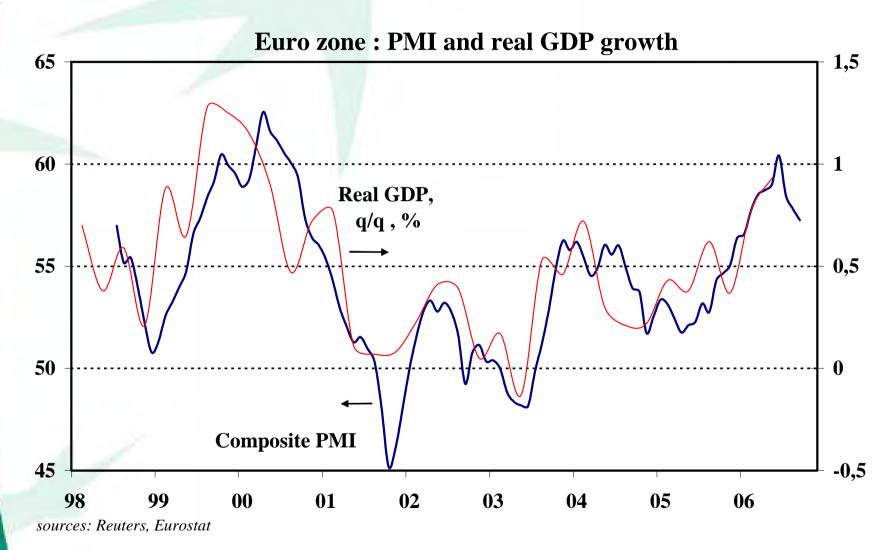


Euro zone: PMI manufacturing



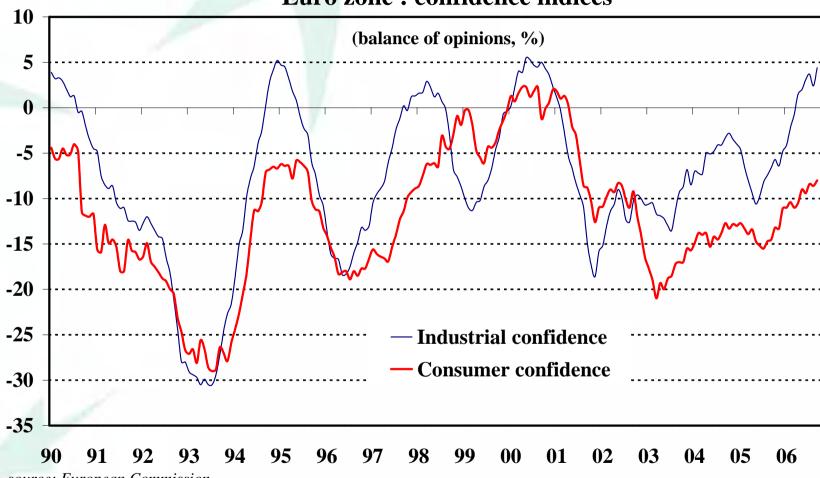
source: NTC







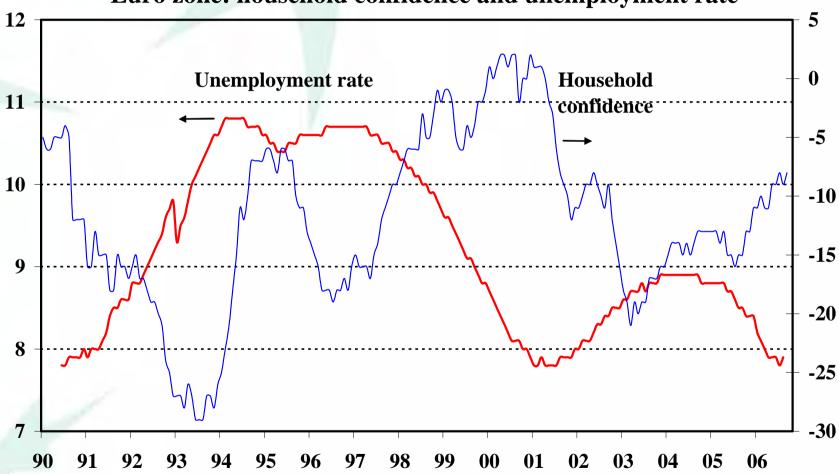
Euro zone : confidence indices



source: European Commission



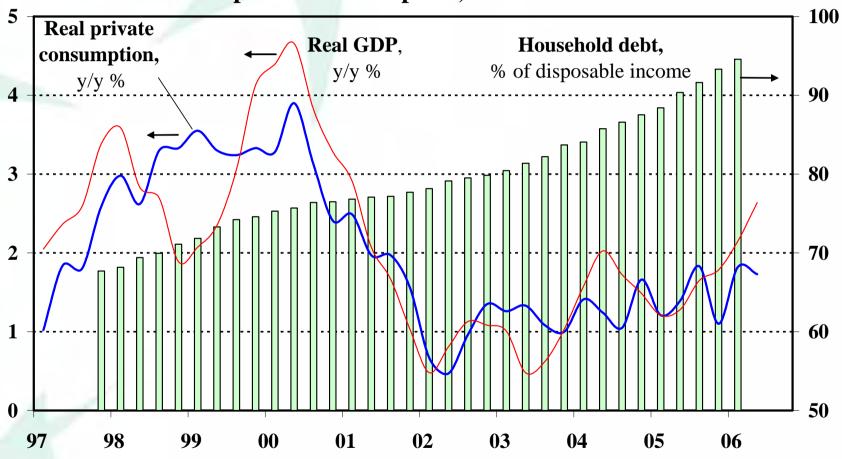




sources: Eurostat, European Commission



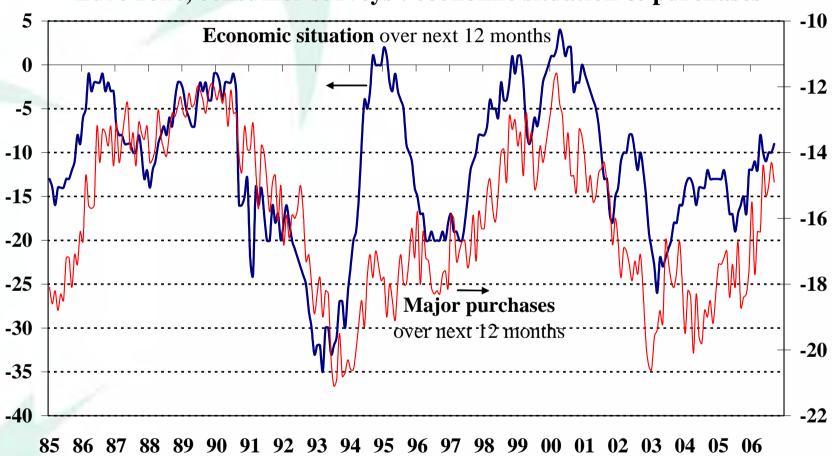
Euro zone: private consumption, GDP & household debt



sources: Eurostat,ECB

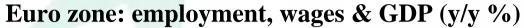


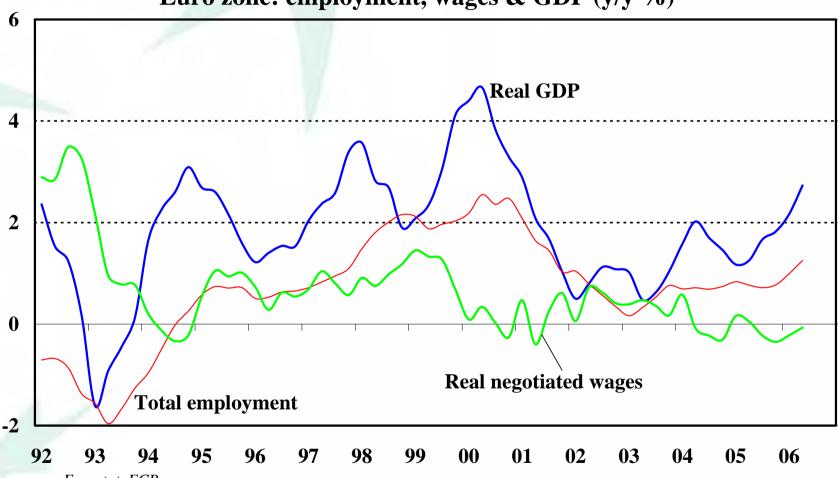
Euro zone, consumer surveys: economic situation & purchases



source: European Commission



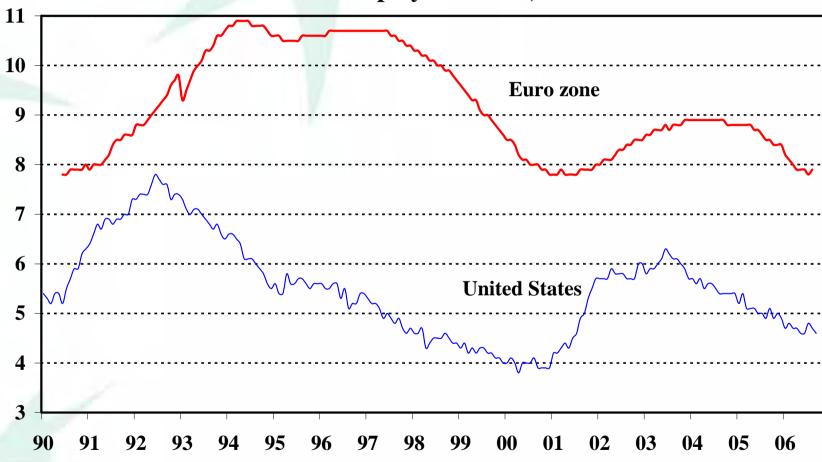




sources: Eurostat, ECB

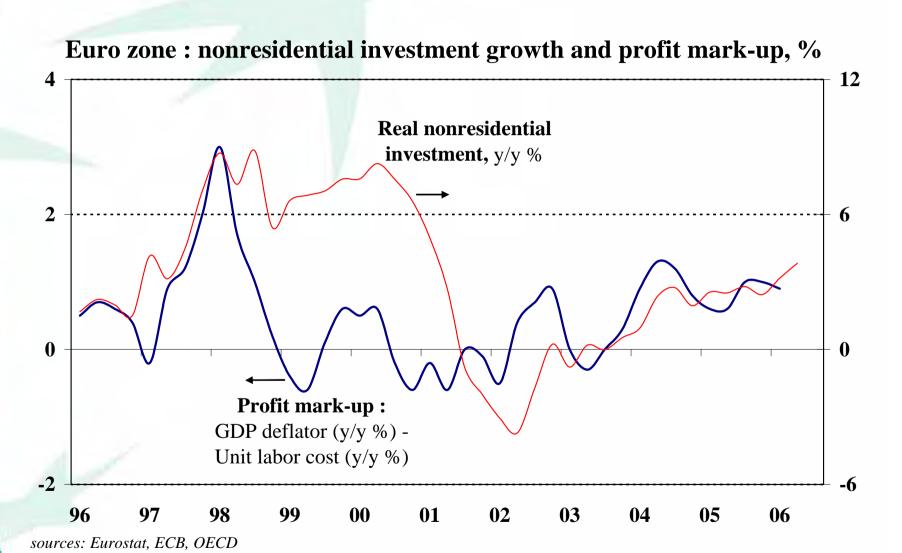






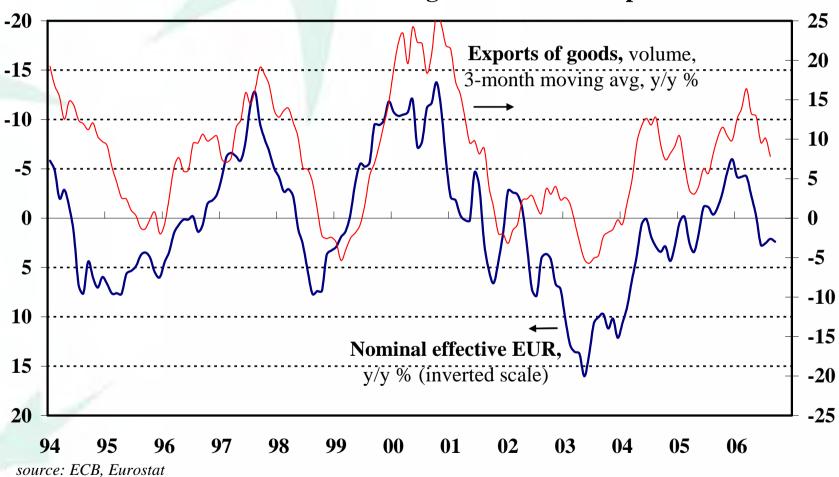
sources: Eurostat, BLS





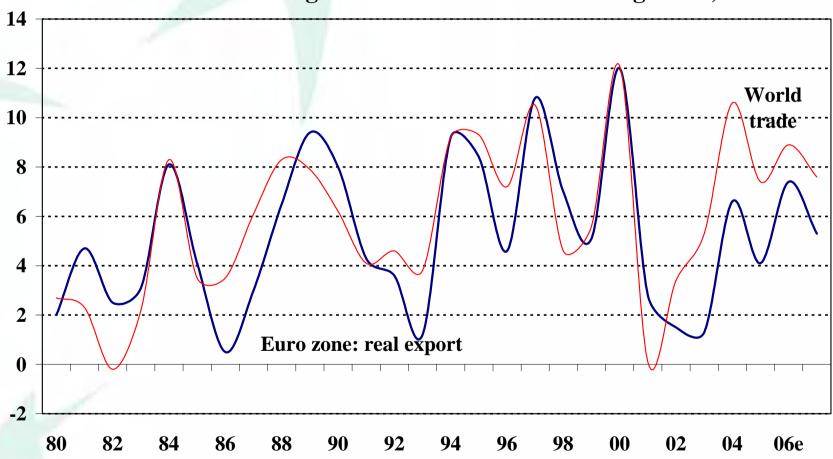


Euro zone: trade weighted EUR and exports





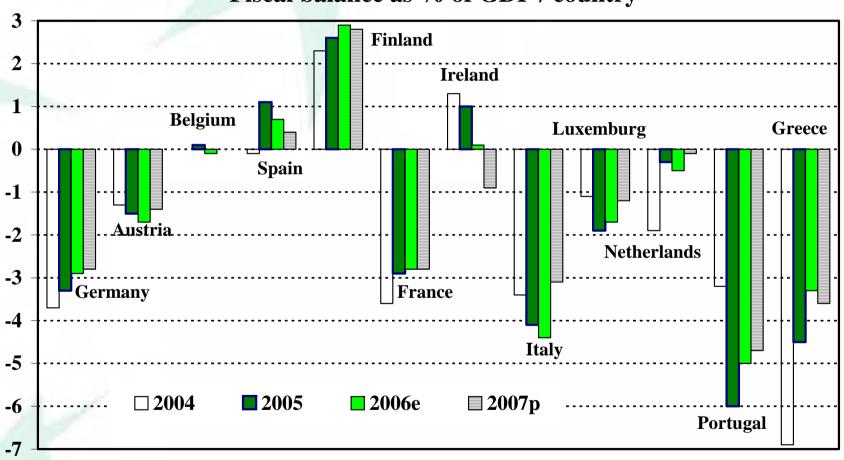
World trade of goods & services: real annual growth, %



source: IMF (World Economic Outlook, September 2006)



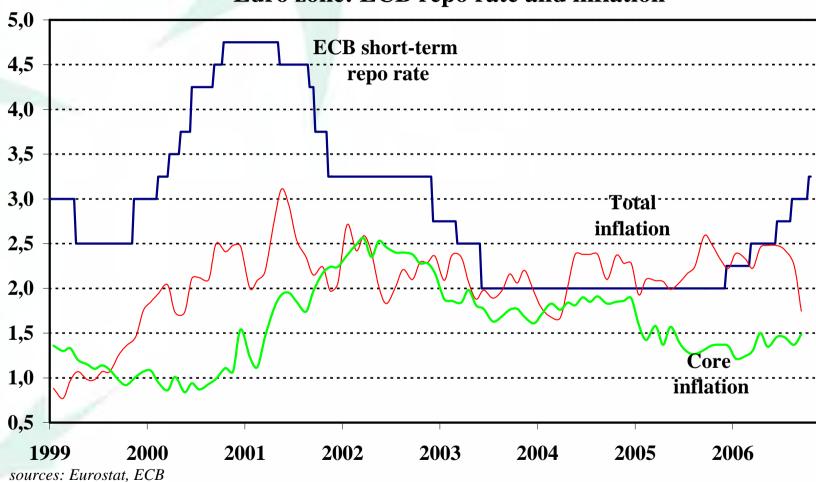
Fiscal balance as % of GDP / country



sources: OECD, BNPParibas

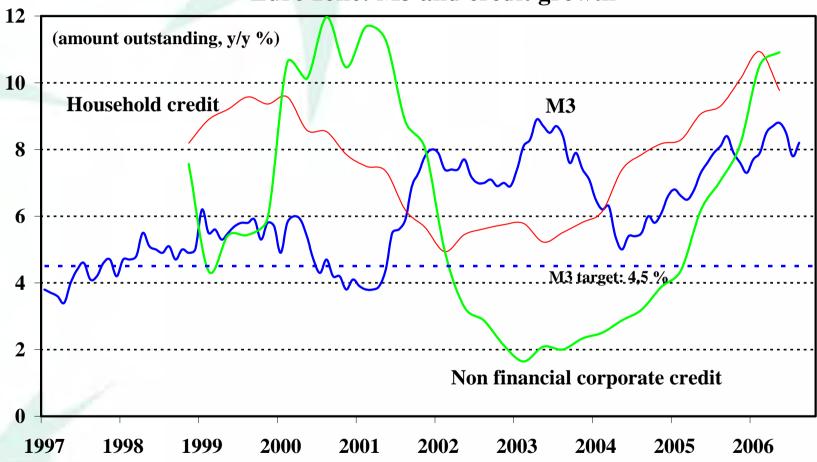


Euro zone: ECB repo rate and inflation





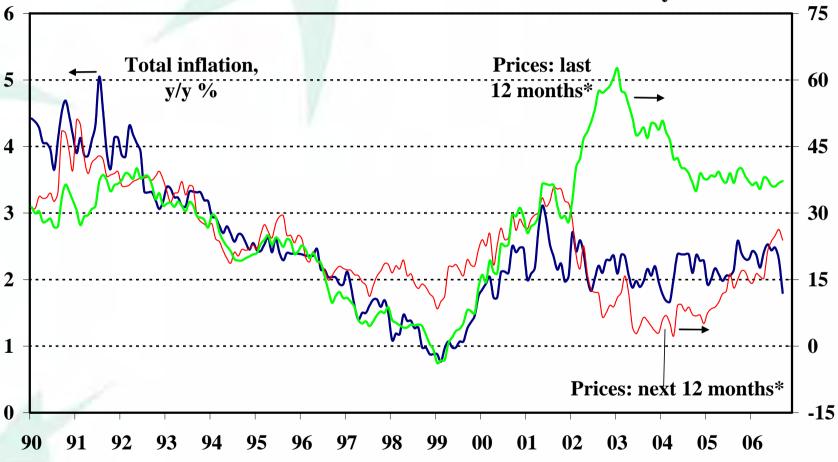
Euro zone: M3 and credit growth



source : ECB



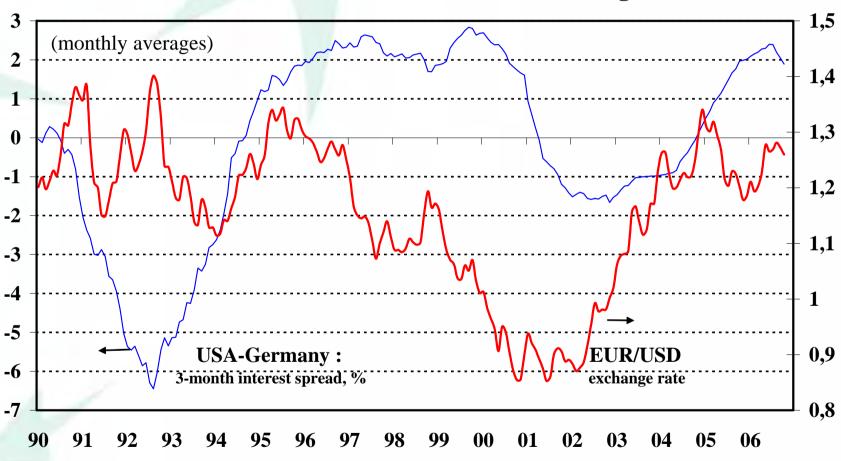
Euro zone : inflation & consumer surveys



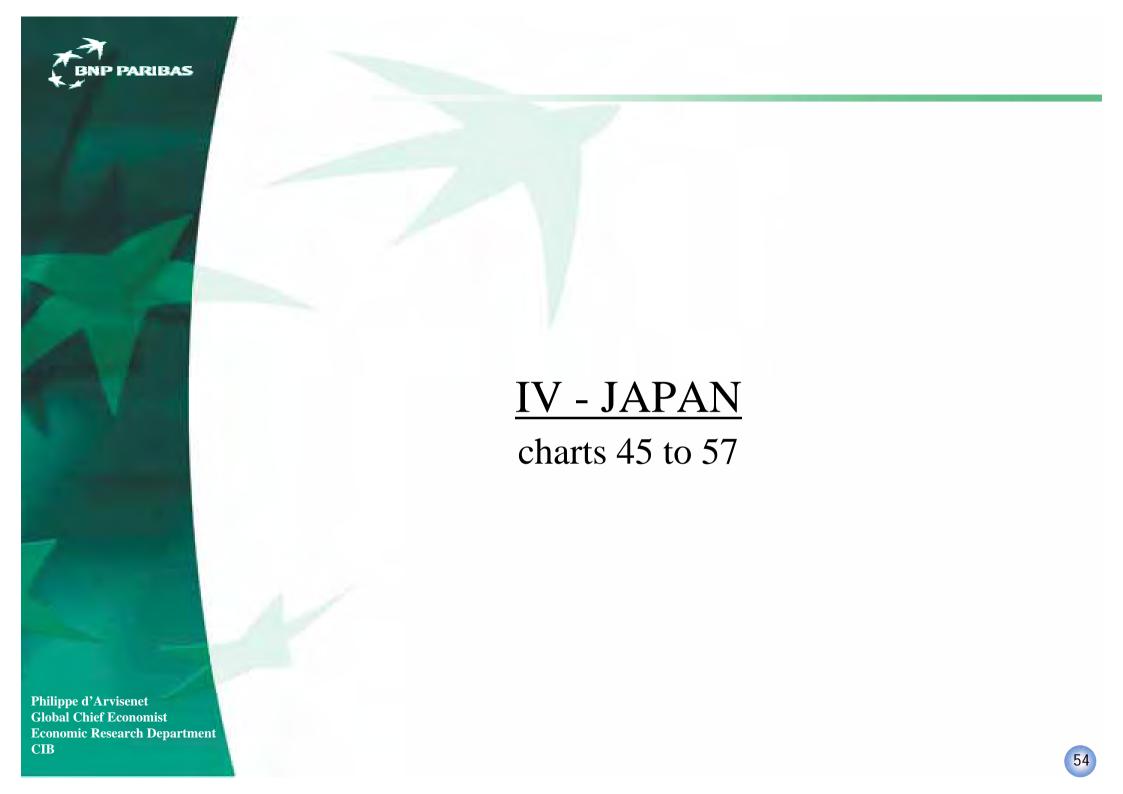
sources: Eurostat, * European Commission (Consumer surveys)



USA/Euro zone: interest rate & exchange rate



sources: Bundesbank, Federal Reserve, Reuters





ONGOING ECONOMIC RECOVERY TO SOFTEN

- GDP growth close to 2.5% in 2006, has headed to potential.
- Private capital expenditure and household consumption have backed the domestic recovery up until recently.
- The current industrial cycle has already peaked last quarter.
- Both business and investment of large exporting firms are likely to soften.



WHAT CHANGES IN MONETARY POLICY?

- The rebasing of the consumer price index has deferred the end of deflation.
- A very moderate increase in prices is expected to show up .
- Following a first rate hike last July, Bank of Japan should adopt a prolonged monetary status quo.
- The yen should gradually strengthen versus the dollar.

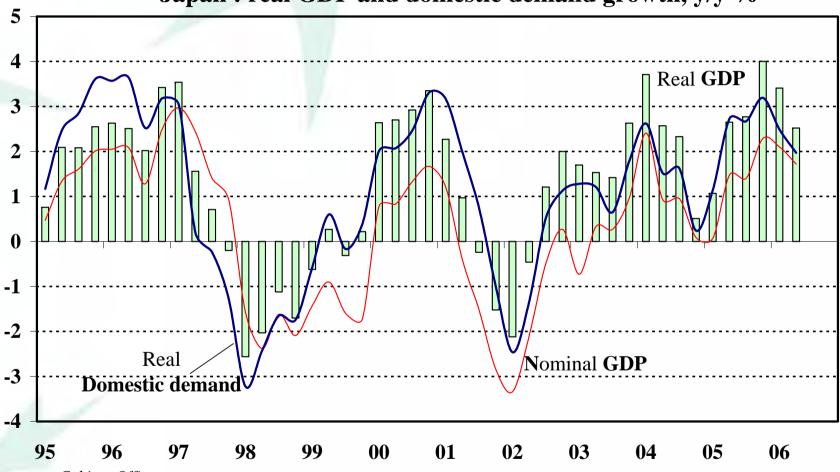


ACHIEVING FISCAL SUSTAINABILITY CAN NOT BE AVOIDED

- The public deficit represented around 5% of GDP and the public debt more than 170% last year.
- Primary fiscal deficit is about 4%; a stabilization of the debt ratio requires 1.5% of primary surplus
- A complete reshuffle of Japan's tax system as well as a continuation of structural reforms are key to raise Japan growth potential and help the country cope with the challenge of its ageing population. Nonetheless no significant improvement is expected before next summer elections (1997 experience is in every mind...).

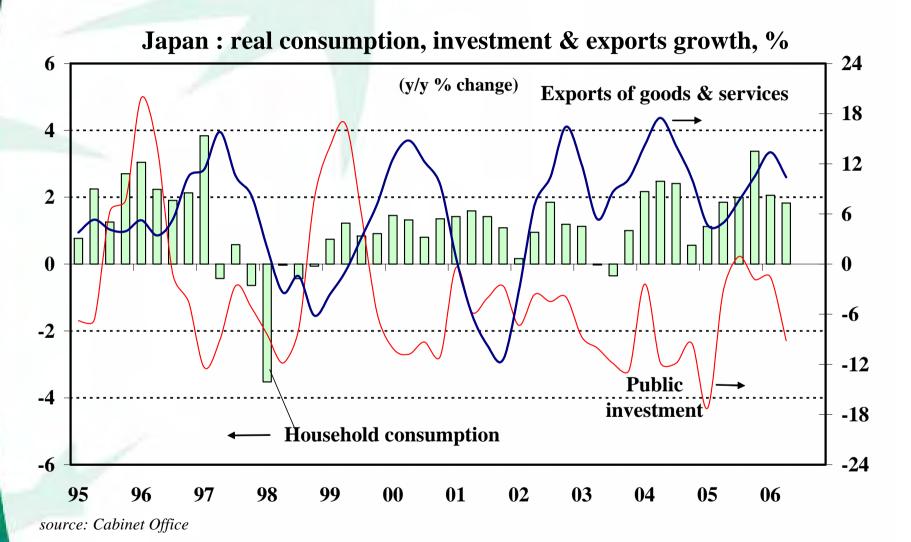


Japan: real GDP and domestic demand growth, y/y %

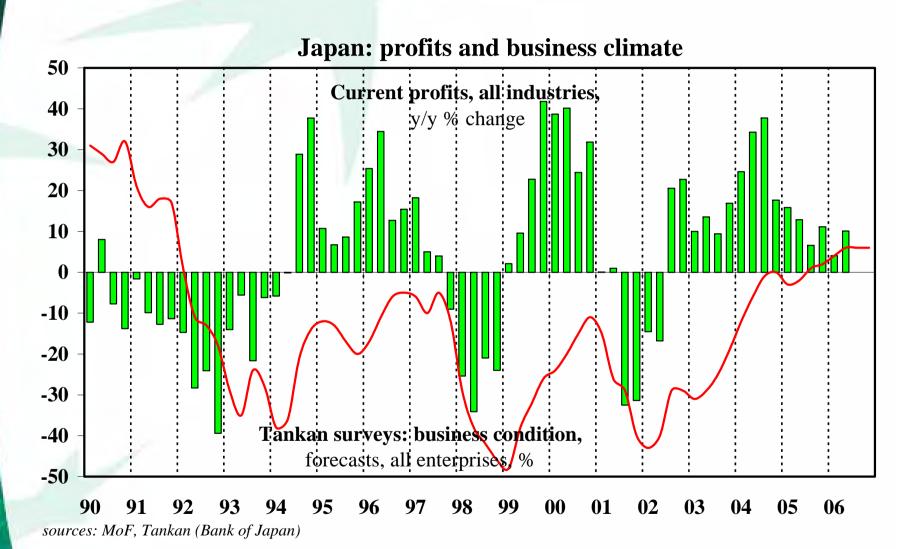


source: Cabinet Office



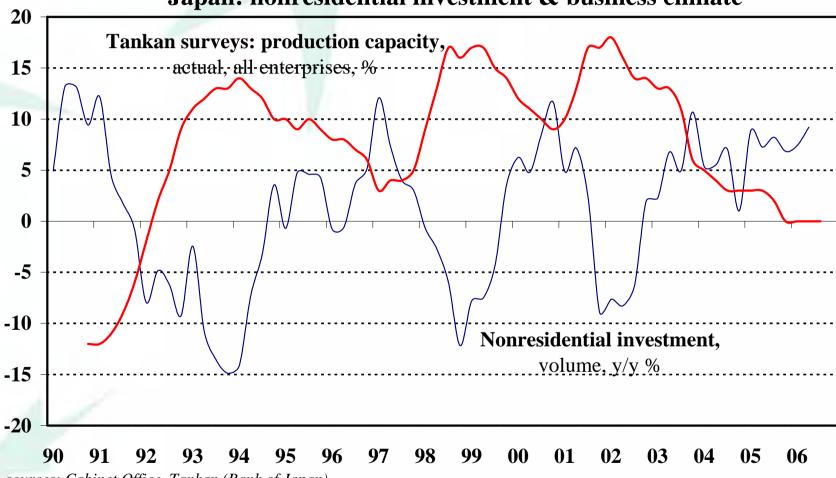








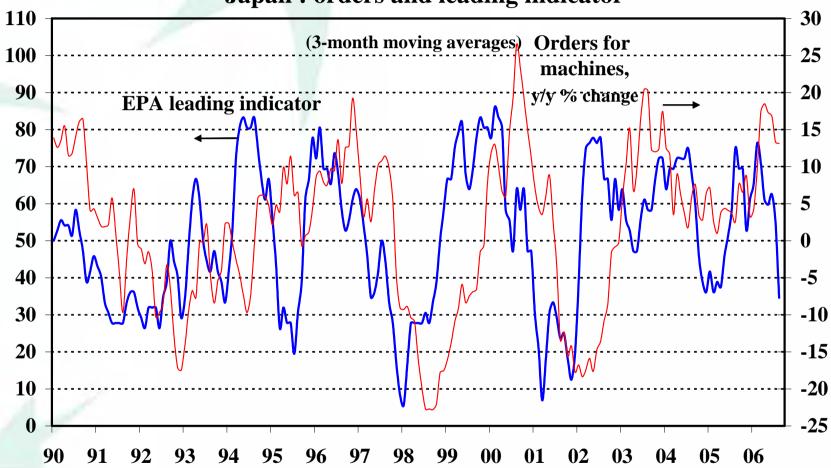
Japan: nonresidential investment & business climate



sources: Cabinet Office, Tankan (Bank of Japan)



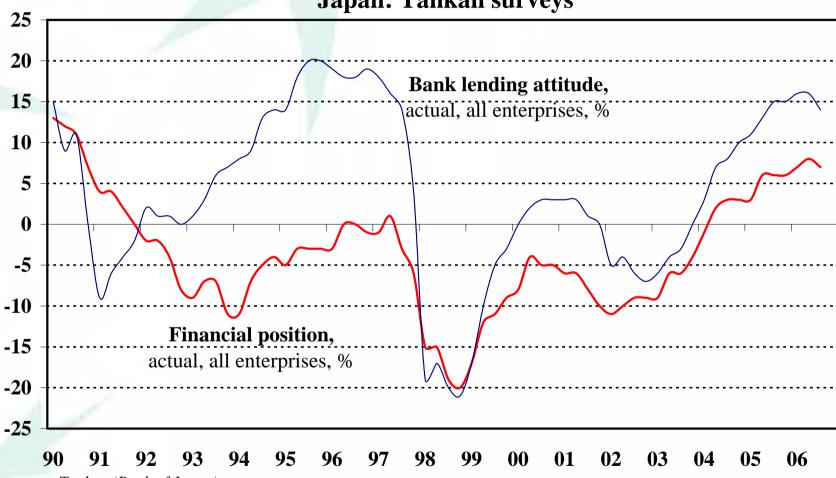
Japan: orders and leading indicator



source: Cabinet Office



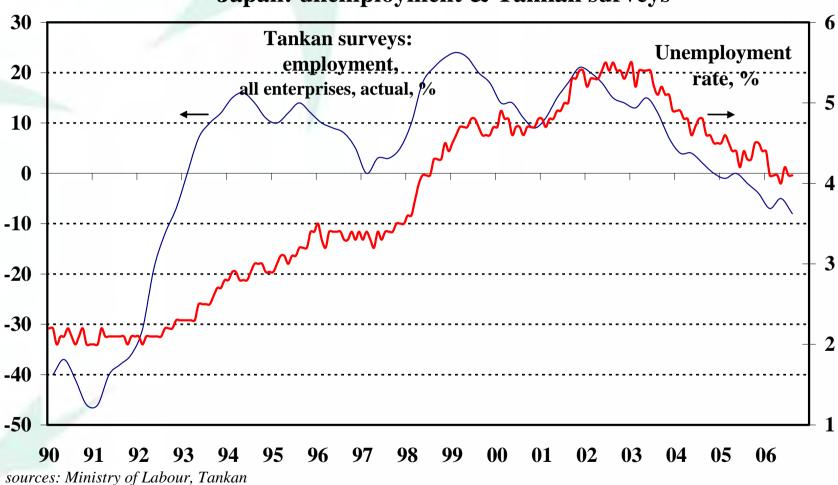




source: Tankan (Bank of Japan)



Japan: unemployment & Tankan surveys





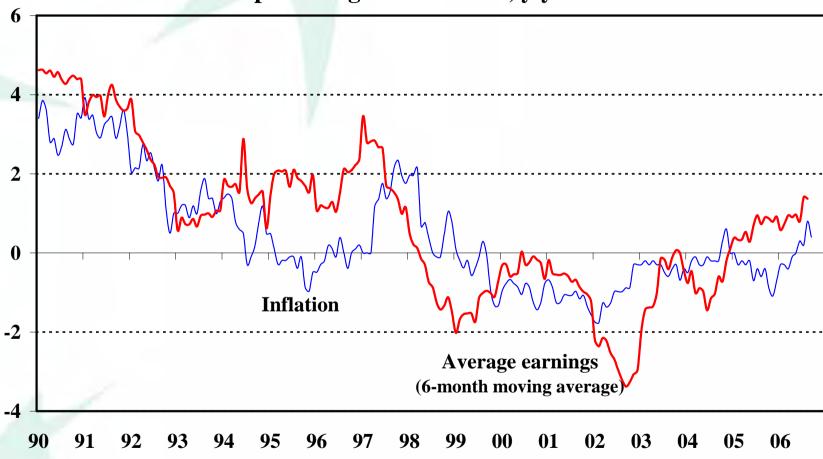




source: Ministry of Labour

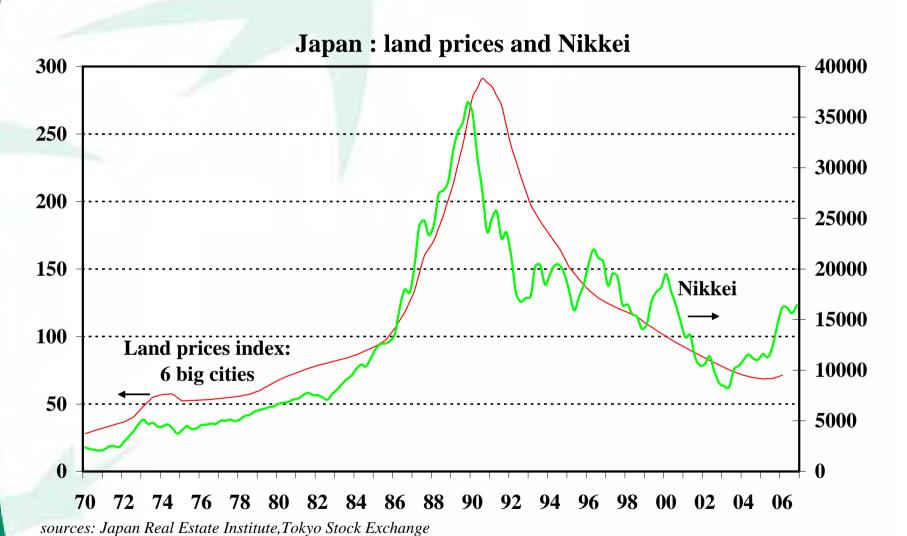


Japan: wages & inflation, y/y %



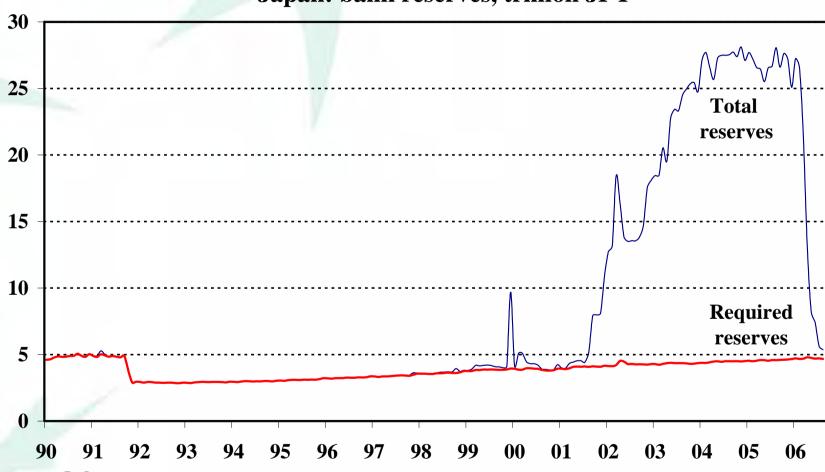
sources: Ministry of Labour, Ministry of Public Management





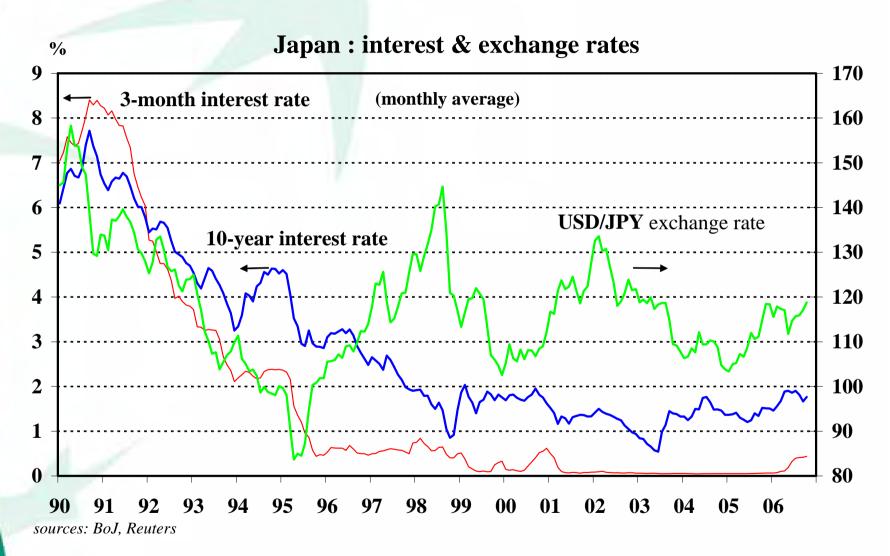


Japan: bank reserves, trillion JPY

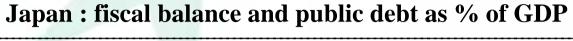


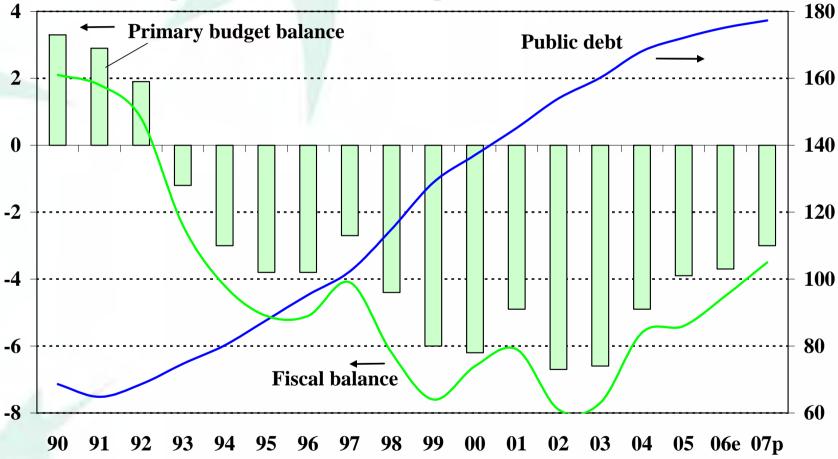
source: BoJ



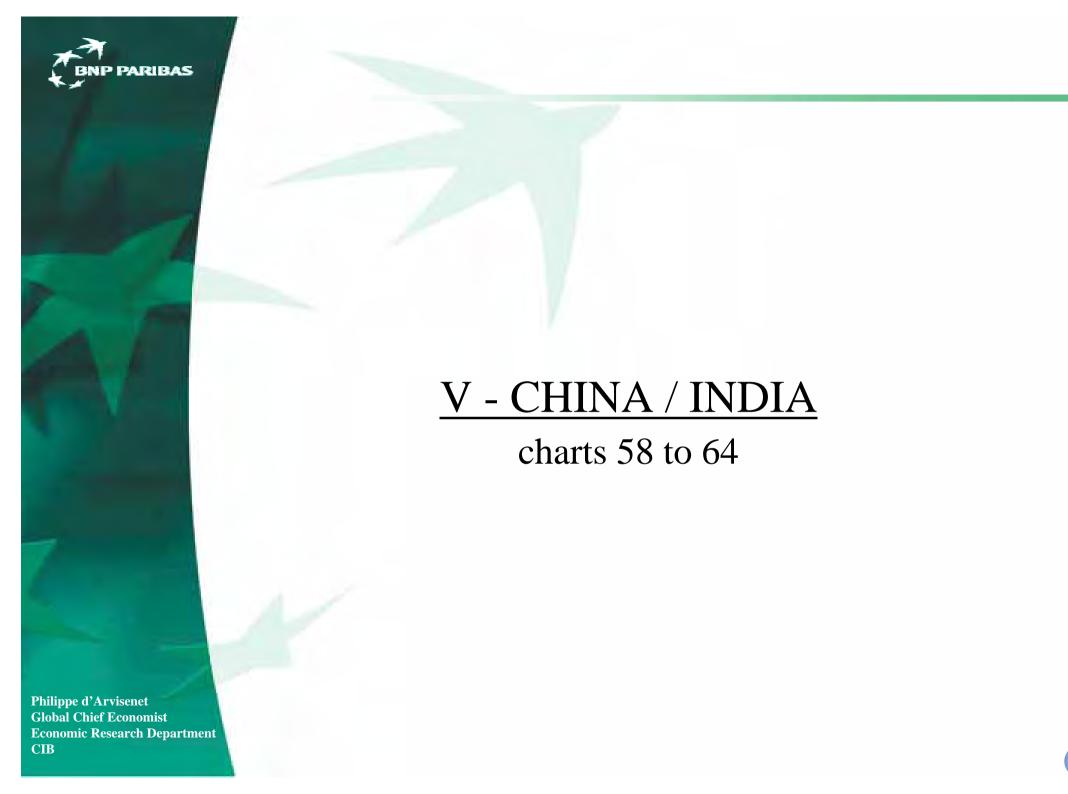








sources: OECD, BNP Paribas





IN A MEDIUM TERM PERSPECTIVE, THE GROWTH POTENTIAL REMAINS VERY STRONG. IN THE LONG TERM, THE DEMOGRAPHIC EVOLUTION WILL BE ADVERSE.

- Strong economic growth, above 10%
- Inflation is subdued
- Low impact of the change from the dollar peg to a currencies basket
- External financial position: 1st in the world for forex reserves



WHAT RISKS?

- External trade tensions and pressures to reevaluate the yuan
- Recent acceleration in credit growth to be monitored
- Increasing social tensions
- Impact of high commodities price on corporate margins and increasing vulnerability to an economic downturn especially for sectors experiencing excess supply.



MEDIUM TERM OUTLOOK VERY FAVOURABLE. ECONOMIC GROWTH CAN KEEP IN A 8 % PATH.

- Global demand is strong and broadly based
- Inflation is subdued
- Comfortable external liquidity and solvency position (large stock of foreign exchange reserves, low external debt / GDP)
- India is still relatively insulated from global financial market fluctuations



SOME WEAKNESSES:

- Persistently strong credit growth
- Public finances: fiscal deficit
- •The current account deficit is mainly financed by equity & corporate bonds purchases
- Adverse impact of coalition politics on the reform momentum (shelved privatization process, debate on SEZs)

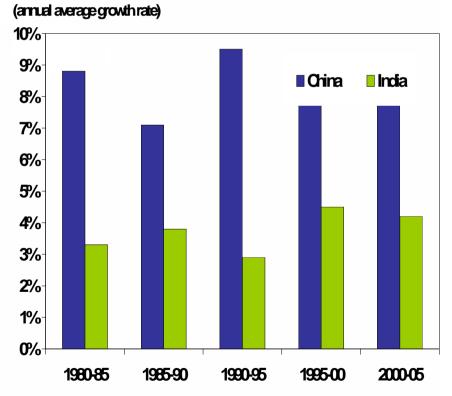


Real GDP per capita

in USD

(USD) 9000 8000 ■ China India 7000 6000 5000 4000 3000 2000 1000 0 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005

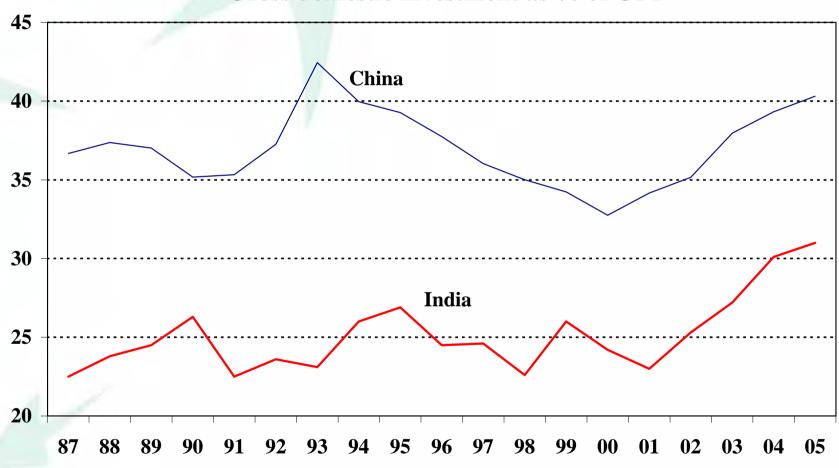
annual average growth rate



Source: Institute of International Finance



Gross domestic investment as % of GDP



source: IIF

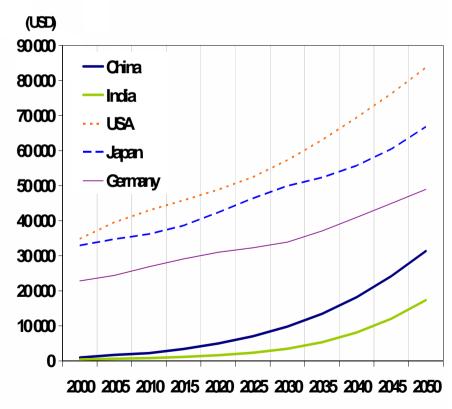


Nominal GDP

in USD

(billion USD) 50000 -China 45000 India 40000 ··· USA 35000 -- Japan 30000 **Germany** 25000 20000 15000 10000 5000 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 2050

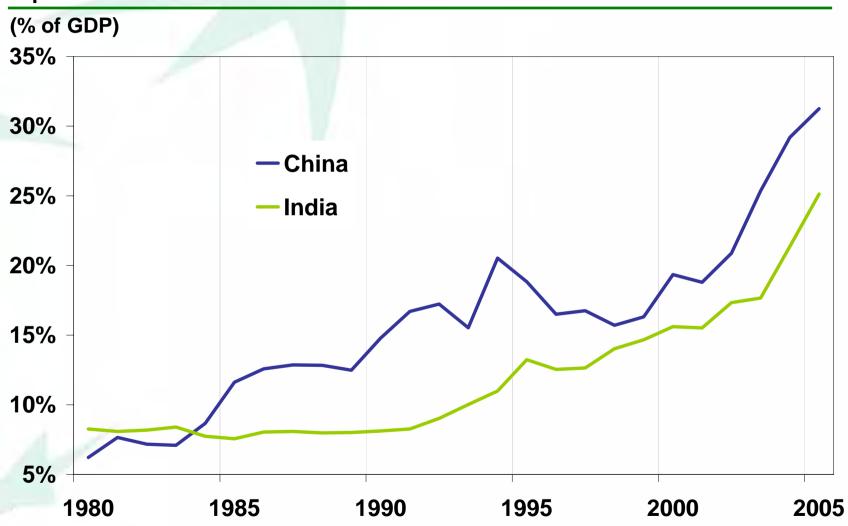
per head in USD



Source: Goldman Sachs



Openness rate*

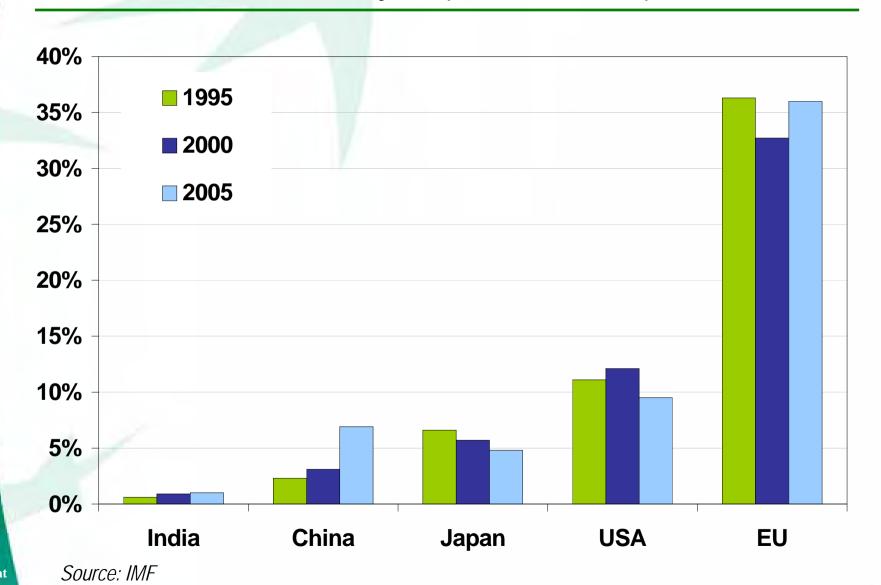


Philippe d'Arvisenet Global Chief Economist Economic Research Department CIB

* exports + imports of G&S / 2 x GDP (volume) Source: national accounts

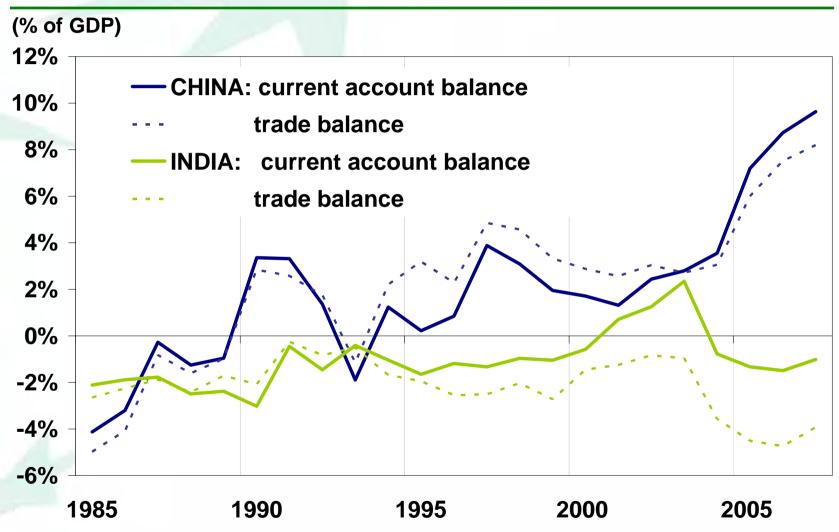


World market shares (country's exports / world's exports)





Trade & current-account balances



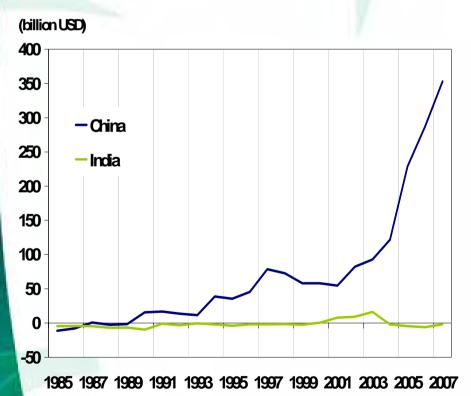
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Source: CEIC

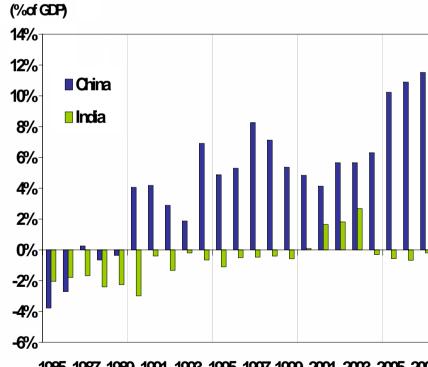


Current-account balance + net foreign direct investments flows

billion USD



% of GDP



1985 1987 1989 1991 1993 1995 1997 1999 2001 2003 2005 2007

Source: Institute of International Finance



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